

# Rock Creek, Season End Report

Summer 1997,

Dario Malengo, Ranger

In the Rock Ck. patrol area I contacted 905 visitors. Most visitors were overnight backpackers. Some visitors were stock supported, with spot trips to Upper Rock Ck being the most popular. The "all expense" trips have lessened in numbers. Overnight grazing has decreased because of this.

Most people in this area are either going to Mt. Whitney or to Upper Rock Ck and back out. Few dayhikers use this area, occasionally people will do the Cottonwood and Army Pass loop as a dayhike, about 21 miles.

Cottonwood pack station had one traveling trip with twenty head that camped at Rock Ck. Lake and moved on to Crabtree. The WPS administrative trip with the military stayed 1 night at Nathan's and one night at Rock Ck. Lake (Stringer mdu) The trail crew used the m. endous below the lower crossing for seven nights. Bill Wyman with 9 burros stayed one night in Upper Rock Ck. Also 1 group of 11 llamas passed through.

There were no citations given in the Rock Ck. area. A few verbal warnings were sufficient for compliance. Occasionally an illegal fire will pop up at Soldier Lk, but I was never able to come across anyone in the act.

One minor medical occurred at lower Rock Cr. and a horse evacuation was initiated.

The only SAR was the Mt. Tyndall SAR which had a happy ending when the patient was airlifted by the military. This SAR showed good teamwork by NPS, China LK and the military.

The snow pack was gone when I arrived on June 26th. This season started early and there were many people in the mts. when I arrived. My suggestion is to either start training earlier or shorten training so we can be out there when the hiking season begins.

The weather was more rainy than most years but with sunny California weather predominating.

The use patterns were about the same as in the past. The management of the numbers going to Mt. Whitney seem to be working out. Rob at Crabtree agrees that the numbers and use patterns haven't changed in recent years.

This year spot trips provided most of the commercial stock use. Private use was very little. The greatest number of stock nights came from the NPS staff/military trip.

Nathans Meadow showed a lot of impact

from the few large groups that used this meadow. Also the Rock Cr. Lake stringer meadow, from only two or three large groups using this meadow (Cottonwoods traveling trip and NPS military/staff) showed heavy impacts. This should be looked at by our meadow research person. It's in years past, because of the wetness of ~~of~~ these stringer meadows, severe mechanical impacts are more than what should be allowed. I suggest closing these meadows to closing grazing (Stringers). The broken sod, holes and uneven ground, which are obviously caused from grazing, should not be allowed.

The biggest problem in this area are the military Jet overflights. The noise that military Jets make out here are unacceptable in this wilderness. The park needs to push harder to end this. The situation is out of control and has been for my twenty three years in this park. The NPS is not providing for the enjoyment of present and future generations by ignoring the Jet issue. This should be pushed up through the chain of command to Washington. The present administration is facilitating the military by going along with the present reporting system. We need to make a stand on the Jet noise and have not done so. When the jets <sup>are</sup> lower than 3,000' or if they are 10,000' AGL, it makes no difference, it is too loud!

To Repeat one backpackers words: Sequoia and Kings Cyn. National Park south of Keyesarge pass no longer sustains a wilderness experience, due to the presence of Low Flying Military Aircraft<sup>"</sup>

The only commercial outfitters besides the packers were two F-16 trips and one Rainbow expedition trip.

No hunting was observed in this area. I patrolled the Siberian Outpost for this. My belief is that if any poaching is done in this area it is done after we leave in mid October.

There were eight cattle for about 5-7 days on the Siberian Outpost. They came in the low pass from Rocky Basin Lakes and exited out Siberian Pass. They probably belonged to the Cabin Bar Ranch. I think we need to put more pressure on the Forest Service to keep those cattle away from the park. I still do not believe a fence is necessary due to the environmental impacts on the land and wildlife.

The sensitive plant populations seem to be doing well. Most meadows received less impact than in the past (except Nathurs + Rock Cr Lk stringers).

Archaeological sites were not altered and the nearly historical Ranger Station is in fine repair.

The one drift fence in the Rock Cr. area needs maintenance by the trailcrew,

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it is too rag-tag on the upper end.

This years trail/crew/ranger project was the much needed re-route above Gutar Lk.

The Nathan's Mdu. crossing was improved by the trail crew which should keep hikers from making a trail across the Mdu.

The next project for trail improvement should be the 'chute' above Rock Lk.

All camp areas are doing well except the area at Soldier Lk. This can be improved by moving the bear box to either the camps apx 250 yds So. or maybe better moving the box apx .7 miles to the Army Ck. trail junction.

All firerings are clean and of a low profile. There were not any bear incidences because the bear boxes have done there job. Now people can camp wherever they please and hang there food and not be bothered by the bear. Even the removal of some of the boxes is possible because of the success of the boxes, but I don't recommend this due to the little impact caused & the great benifit received (The soldier lk. box could ~~not~~ be removed as a test to this).

The upper Babbs Ck. & Kearsarge area East of Kearsarge Pass still needs someone up there to recognize that the only way they can solve the problem is by adding 1 box higher up on Babbs Ck. and 2 large boxes on F.S. land east of Kearsarge Pass.

5

The permit system seems to be working well in this area and use patterns are about the same

Station needs:

- ~~2~~ flashlights
- on hand - ~~2~~ full propanes

## Wildlife Observation Report Form

1997

DATE (Yr-Mo-Dy)      SPECIES (Common or Latin)

LOCATION NAME AND UTM COORDINATES  
or Distance & Direction from named mapped pointVEGETATION TYPE  
(See Reverse)BREEDING/  
YOUNG?OBSERVER  
Full name

7/20	Ridge back Rock Creek Meadow	Open grassland	Grassland
7/24/97	Mountain Lion	Shrub forest	Grassland
7/25/97	Coyote	Shrub and tree forest	Grassland
8/4/97	Bear	Rock Creek Meadow	Grassland
8/5	Pine Grosbeak	Rock Creek Meadow	Grassland
8/6	Male Dove	Pine Creek Meadow	Grassland
8/30	Red-tail Hawk	Treeless bank	Grassland
8/30	Cooper's Hawk	Rock Creek Meadow	Grassland
8/31	Sage Sucker (Salmonid)	Lower Rock Creek	Grassland
8/31	Black-tailed Kite	Gravel bar	Grassland
8/18	Bull Frog	Sidewall Cutthroat River	Grassland
9/19	Coyote	Rock Creek Meadow	Grassland